

I assent,

(L.S.)

J.A. Cumber Administrator

19th October, 1967

A Law to amend the Judicature (Administration of Justice) Long title. Law.

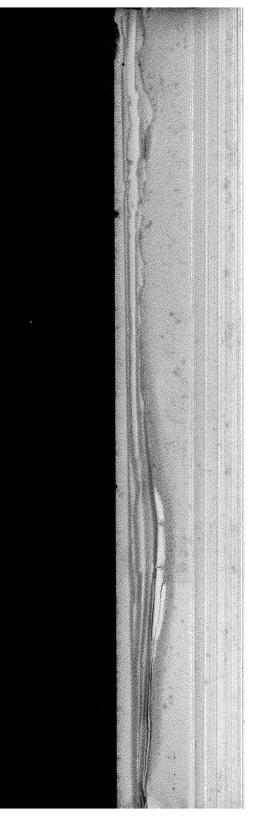
ENACTED by the Legislature of the Cayman Islands.

1. This Law may be cited as the Judicature (Adminis- Short title. tration of Justice) (Amendment) Law, 1967 and shall be read and construed as one with the Judicature (Administration of Justice) Law, (hereinafter referred to as the principal law) and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Administrator by Government Notice published in the Cayman Islands.

2. Subsection (1) of section 43 is hereby amended by deleting the full stop at the end of the section, substituting therefor a comma, and adding the following:-

section 43.

"and it is hereby declared that the Court shall have and shall be deemed always to have had power to make binding declarations of right in any matter whether any consequential relief is or could be



The Judicature (Administration of Justice) (Amendment)Law, 1967 claimed or not."

Passed the Assembly this 22nd day of Sept. 1967

## J.A. CUMBER President

SYBIL McLAUGHLIN Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Government Notice No. 120 of 1967 Date of operation 20th October, 1967. CAYMAN ISLANDS

LAW 23 of 1967

(L.S.)

I assent,

J.A. Cumber Administrator

19th October, 1967

A Law to amend the Judicature (Administration of Justice) Law.

Enacted by the Legislature of the Cayman Islands.

1. This Law may be cited as the Judicature (Administra- Short title, tion of Justice (Amendment) (No. 2) Law, 1967 and shall and be read and construed as one with the Judicature (Administration of Justice) Law, (hereinafter referred to astheprincipal law) and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Administrator by Government Notice published in the Cayman Islands.

2. Section 211 of the principal Law is hereby amended Amendment of by adding thereto the following subsection as subsection (4):-

" (4) The provisions of the Law conferring a right of appeal in civil cases and matters shall be construed liberally in favour of such right; and in case any of the provisions of this Law shall have been inadvertently, or from ignorance or necessity omitted to be