

CAYMAN ISLANDS.



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THE GENOCIDE LAW
(Law 5 of 1970)
(Revised)

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(Law 5 of 1970)
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A Law to Give Effect to the Genocide Convention

Short title.	1. (1) This Law may be cited as the Genocide Law (Revised). (2) In this Law “Genocide Convention” means the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide approved by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 9th December 1948.
Genocide.	2. (1) A person commits an offence of genocide if he commits any act falling within the definition of “genocide” in Article II of the Genocide Convention as set out in the Schedule to this Law. (2) A person guilty of an offence of genocide shall on conviction on indictment — (a) if the offence consists of the killing of any person, be sentenced to imprisonment for life; (b) in any other case, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding fourteen years. (3) Proceedings for an offence of genocide shall not be instituted except by or with the consent of the Attorney General.

SCHEDULE

Article II of Genocide Convention

In the present Convention, genocide means any of the following acts committed with intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, ethnical, racial or religious group, as such:

- (a) Killing members of the group;
- (b) Causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the group;
- (c) Deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part;
- (d) Imposing measures intended to prevent births within the group;
- (e) Forcibly transferring children of the group to another group.

Publication in revised form authorized by the Governor in Council this 16th day of August, 1976.

CHERYL JACKSON
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.